

Autonomous RTUs

IoT for Precision Agriculture





## Precision Agriculture

Agriculture related weather measurements:

- Solar radiation
- Air temperature and relative humidity
- Wind speed and direction
- Rainfall
- Soil temperature and moisture
- All in one weather stations

## Irrigation





## Water resources management

- River level & flow gauging
- Groundwater monitoring
- Lake and reservoir level monitoring
- Leak detection in distribution pipelines
- Water quality monitoring



## Design Principles

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Autonomous RTUs are flexible devices allowing any modern power source scheme.

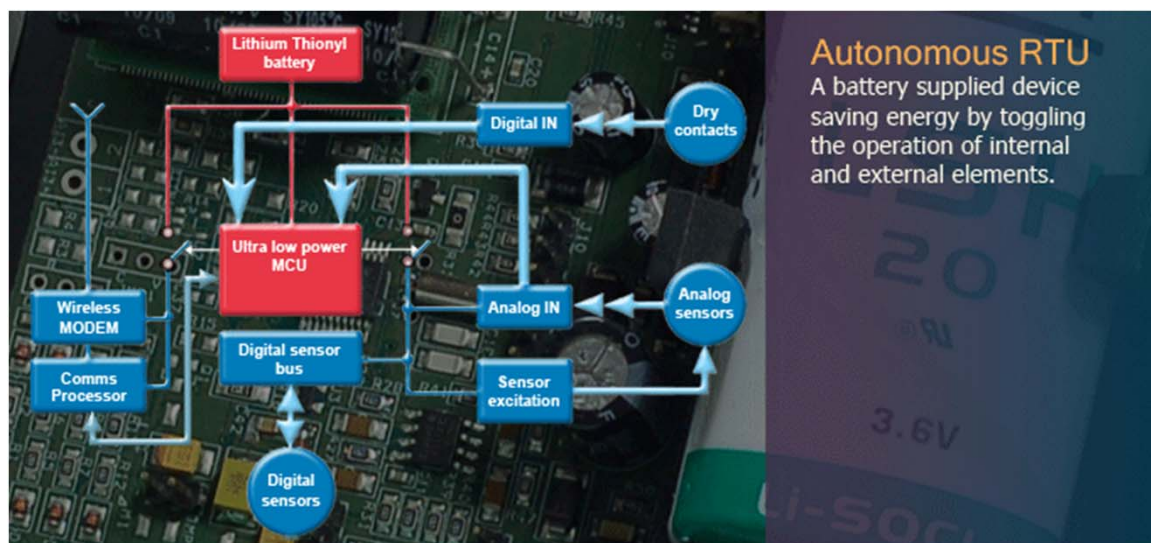
They are designed to operate autonomously using single lithium battery cells achieving maximum reliability, and long term solution robustness with operational lifetime >10 years.

They can work on mains or photovoltaic power with automatic failover to internal lithium battery on power shortage.

They can be used in hybrid power solutions combining lithium battery for telecommunications with rechargeable power sources for sensor excitation allowing mixed power media applications seamlessly.



# Operating principle



## Functions:

- Measurement
- Transducer excitation
- Data recording
- Data & alarm transmission

An ultra low power MCU is in continuous operation with two main tasks:

- Performing measurement, data recording and detecting an alarm condition.
- Controlling power of internal and external functional elements in order to extend battery lifetime. The principle is to power functional sections, according to user defined time schedules.

Autonomous RTUs utilize an ultra low power dual processor architecture in order to combine low power consumption with advanced processing and communication characteristics.

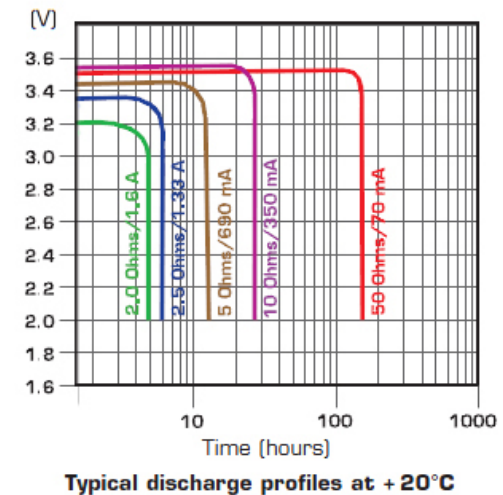


D-size,  
Primary lithium-thionyl chloride battery  
Nominal voltage: 3.6V,  
Capacity: 13.0Ah

# System comparison

Subject	Solar powered	Autonomous
Daily energy consumption	2 mAh (An average 2 mA current draw is assumed).	0.03 mAh (2 mA during sampling, 40 µA in idle state, sampling period at 1 minute).
Maintenance free operation	2-3 years. The rechargeable cell's capacity diminishes over time. Current delivery is reduced due to increase in internal resistance over time.	Up to 15 years. The Lithium Thionyl battery features undiminished voltage level and current delivery during almost 98% of its lifetime.
System power supply	Complex, costly.	Simple, low cost.
Ambient temperature	Frost protection for the solar cell is required at lower temperatures. Solar cell efficiency is lowered and rechargeable battery life is shortened at temperatures over 40°C.	Infinite's autonomous devices operate at temperatures between -20°C and +65°C.
Weather conditions	Smooth operation depends on sufficient sunlight.	Weather independent.
Overall system size	Massive, provoking vandalism.	Minimum sized, compact, unnoticeable.
Minimum sampling period	Down to a few seconds, according to the availability of the renewable energy source.	1 minute (5...15 minutes, typ) for preserving a reasonable battery lifetime.

## Lithium Thionyl Battery





## Internet of Things Networks & Technologies



## ADU-500 Autonomous RTU

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The ADU-500 is an ultra low power, wireless RTU with data logging and alarming capabilities.

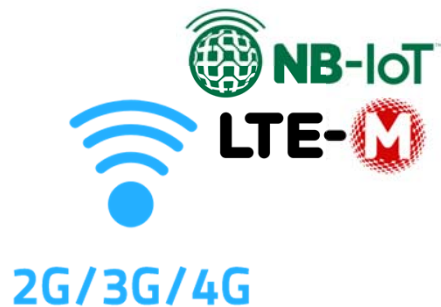
The battery powered RTU supports acquisition from multiple sensors and it incorporates three digital inputs, two analog inputs, two pulse counter inputs, SDI-12 bus, RS485 Modbus and multiple excitation options for powering measuring transducers.

The ADU-500 uses an internal cellular modem to automatically send data and alarms.

A D-size Lithium Thionyl battery can provide autonomous operation for over 10 years.



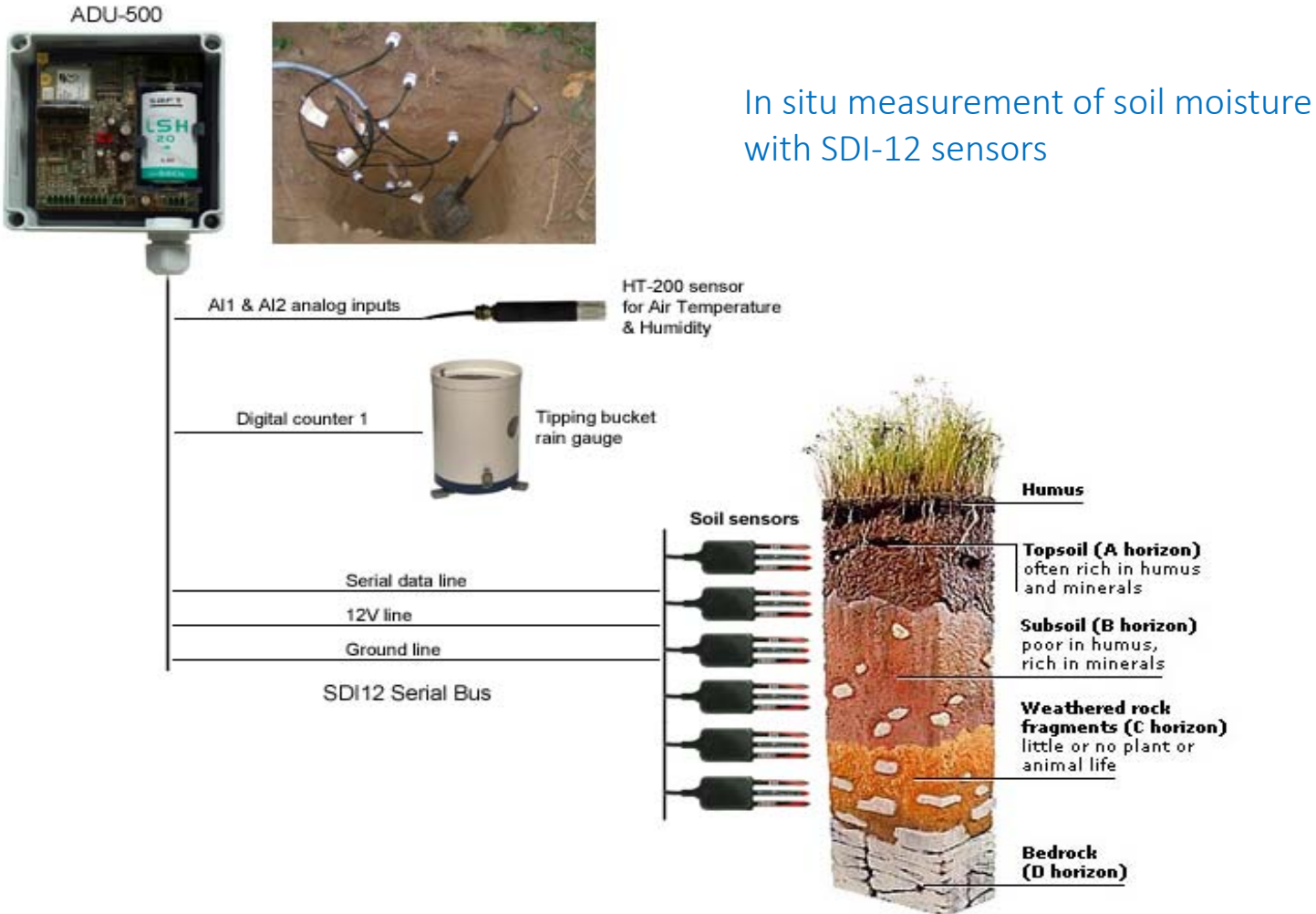
# IoT Autonomous devices



## ADU-500, RTU/Data Logger

Power supply:	3.6V, 13-18 Ah Lithium Thionyl battery, D-size 12VDC mains or photovoltaic power
Consumption :	Continuous 18 $\mu$ A
SDI12:	up to 16 SDI-12 sensors with up to 48 channels
RS485:	up to 10 Modbus ASCII/RTU up to 10 channels
Digital inputs:	3, 0-30VDC
Pulse counters:	2, 2KHz, common with DI 2&3
Analog inputs:	2, 12 bit resolution, differential, 1-200 programmable gain
Transducer Excitation:	12VDC/400mA, or 9V/500mA or 5VDC/200mA, 3.3V/1A
Battery monitoring:	built in battery gauge continous consumption monitoring
Wireless modem:	Sierra Wireless HL series 2G, 3G or 4G
Messages:	Alarm, Status, Data
Temperature:	-40°...+65°C, operating
Dimensions:	130 x 130 x 75 mm
Housing:	IP66, IP68 Nema 4x

# ADU-500 Autonomous RTU



In situ measurement of soil moisture with SDI-12 sensors

## ADU-700 Profisens

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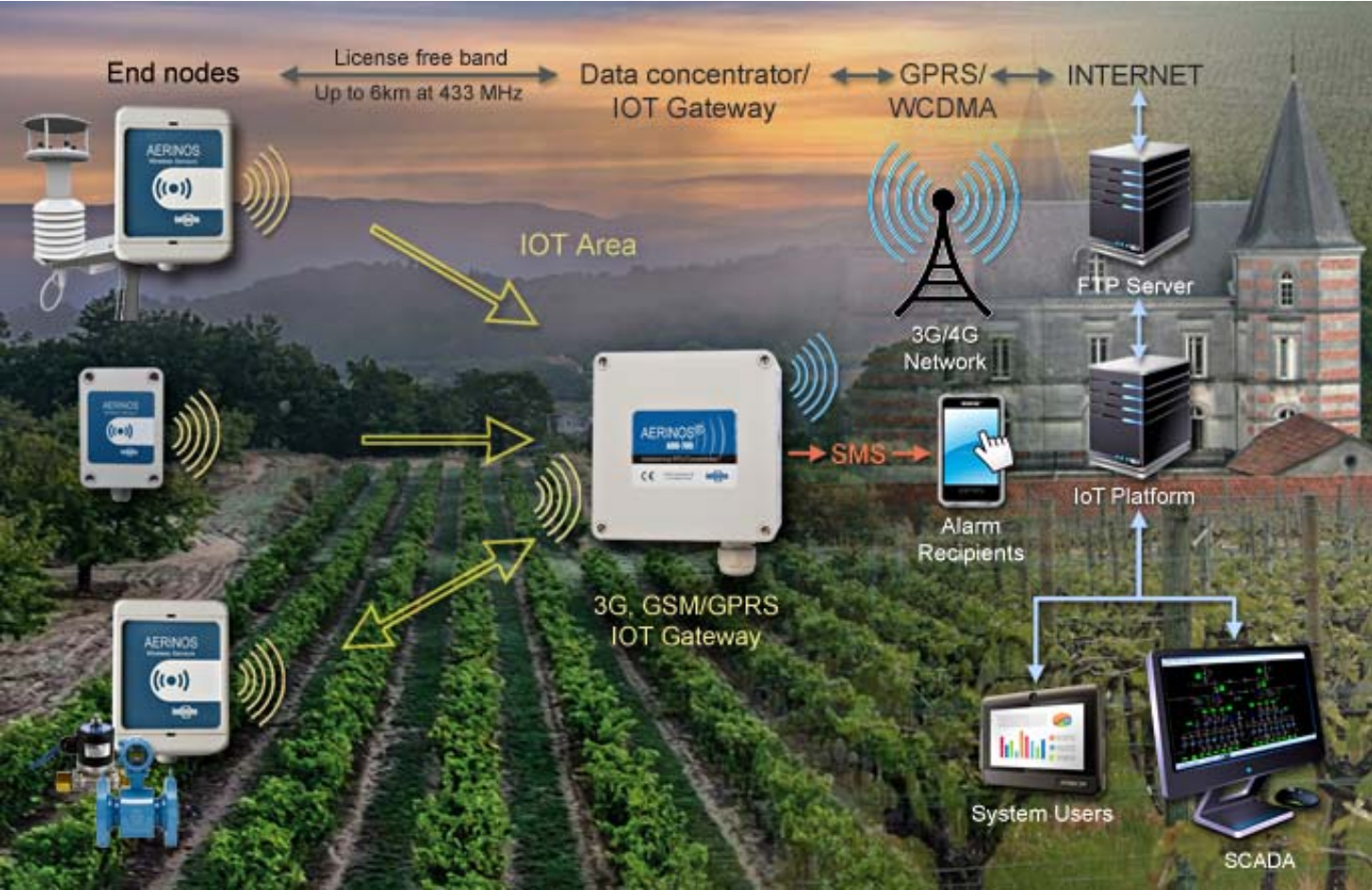
The ADU-700 is a local area wireless IOT platform for data logging, alarming and remote control.

It comprises of wireless sensor nodes and a 3G cellular Data Concentrator/ Gateway.

The coverage of the wireless network can reach a radius of 1-6 km (Line of sight). The platform is available for the 433 MHz license free band and optional for the 868 MHz and 915 MHz bands.

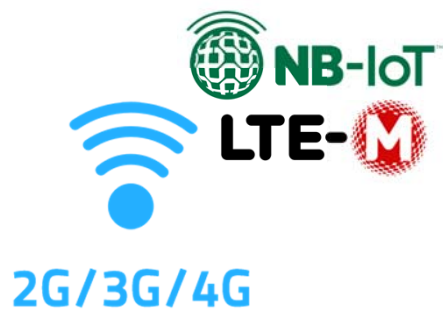
The battery powered system supports acquisition from multiple sensors and up to 32 wireless slaves. It incorporates digital inputs, analog inputs, pulse counter inputs, SDI-12 sensors, RS485 Modbus sensors, Valve and relay actuation and multiple excitation options for powering measuring transducers and actuators.

# ADU-700 Profisens



# IoT Autonomous devices

## ADU-700, Wireless Gateway RTU/Data Logger



Power supply: 3.6V, 13-18 Ah Lithium Thionyl battery, D-size  
12VDC mains or photovoltaic power

Consumption : Continuous 18 $\mu$ A  
RS485: For future use  
Digital inputs: 3, 0-30VDC

Wireless RF: Radiocrafts 433.05-433.79 4+Km line of sight  
Wireless modem: Sierra Wireless HL series 3G or 4G  
Messages: Alarm, Status, Data

Temperature: -40°...+65°C, operating  
Dimensions: 130 x 130 x 75 mm  
Housing: IP66, IP68 Nema 4x



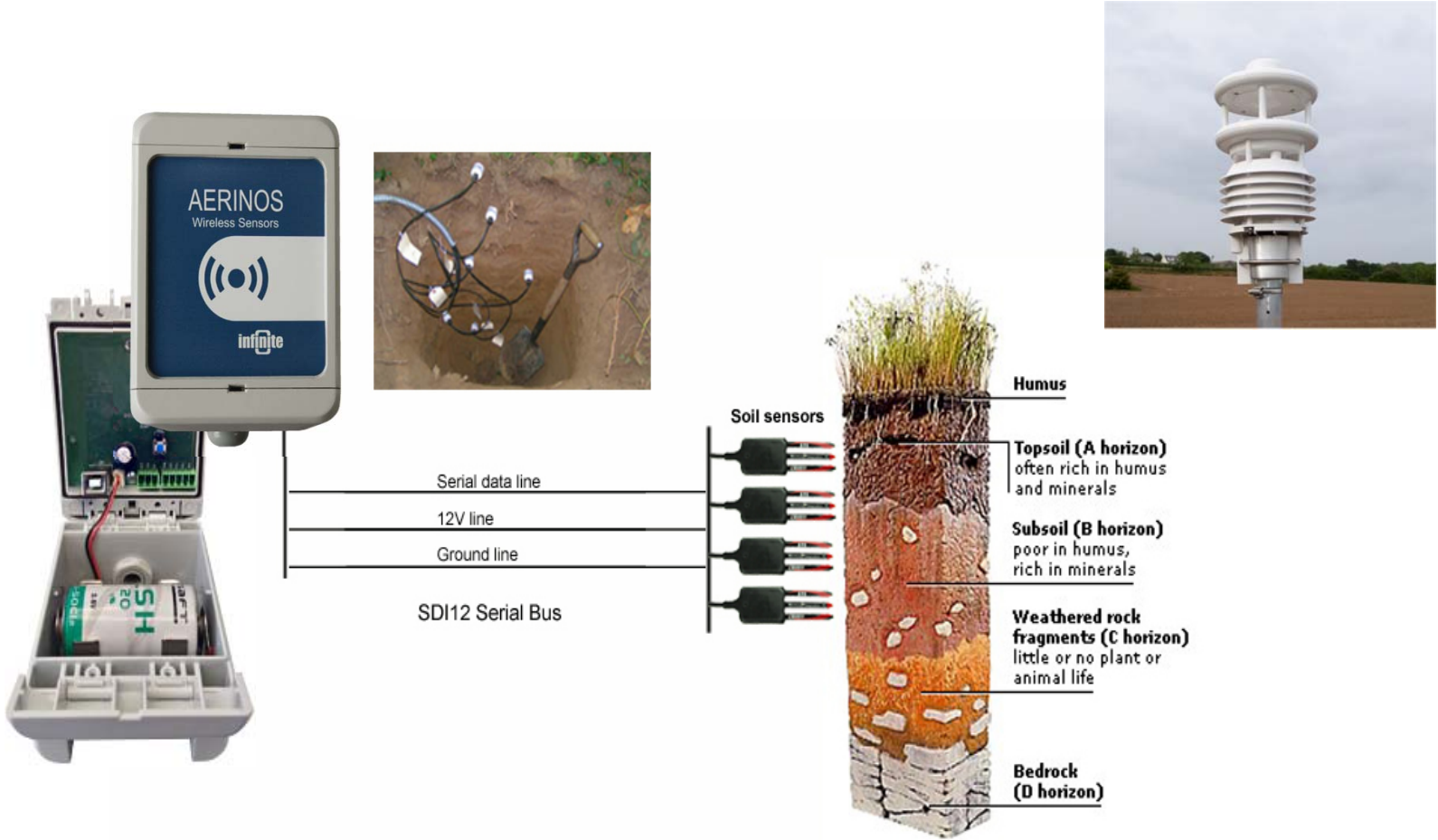
# IoT Autonomous devices

## ADS-200, IoT wireless end nodes



Power supply:	3.6V, 13-18 Ah Lithium Thionyl battery, D-size 5VDC mains or photovoltaic power
Consumption :	Continuous 18 $\mu$ A
Discrete inputs:	IN1, configurable as: Digital input, 0-30VDC Analog input, 0-1VDC, 12 bit resolution Digital counter, 1 KHz
SDI-12 Bus:	8 Channels, up to 3 sensor support.
RS-485, MODBUS:	8 Channels, up to 3 sensor support, ASCII/RTU.
Transducer excitation	12V/250mA, 5V/200mA
Wireless tranceiver:	Radiocrafts 433.05-433.79 Mhz
Antenna	internal or external
Messages:	Data, Alarm
Temperature:	-20°...+65°C, operating
Dimensions:	79.5 x 125 x 61 mm (with cable gland)
Housing:	IP66, IP68 Nema 4x

# ADS-200



# IoT Autonomous devices



## ADS-210, IoT wireless end nodes

Power supply:	3.6V, 13-18 Ah Lithium Thionyl battery, D-size 5VDC mains or photovoltaic power
Consumption :	Continuous 18 $\mu$ A
Discrete inputs:	1 Digital input, 0-30VDC 1 Digital counter, 1 KHz 1 Analog input, 0-1VDC, 12 bit resolution
Outputs :	1 Valve Channels
Transducer excitation	12V/250mA, 5V/200mA
Wireless tranceiver:	Radiocrafts 433.05-433.79 Mhz
Antenna	internal or external
Messages:	Data, Alarm
Temperature:	-20°...+65°C, operating
Dimensions:	79.5 x 125 x 61 mm (with cable gland)
Housing:	IP66, IP68 Nema 4x

# IoT Autonomous devices

## ADS-102, IoT wireless end nodes



Power supply:	3.6V, 13-18 Ah Lithium Thionyl battery, D-size 5VDC mains or photovoltaic power
Consumption :	Continuous 18 $\mu$ A
Discrete inputs:	1 Digital input, 0-30VDC 1 Digital counter, 1 KHz 2 Analog input, 0-1VDC, 12 bit resolution
Transducer excitation	3.6V/120mA
Wireless RF :	Radiocrafts 433.05-433.79 Mhz
Antenna	internal or external
Messages:	Data, Alarm
Temperature:	-20°...+65°C, operating
Dimensions:	79.5 x 125 x 61 mm (with cable gland)
Housing:	IP66, IP68 Nema 4x

## ADS-260 SIGFOX

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The ADS-260 is an ultra low power, wireless smart end node for the Sigfox network.

It is available for the SIGFOX network for Europe, USA, Latin America, Singapore, Taiwan, Hong Kong, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Oman, RC1, RC2, RC4.

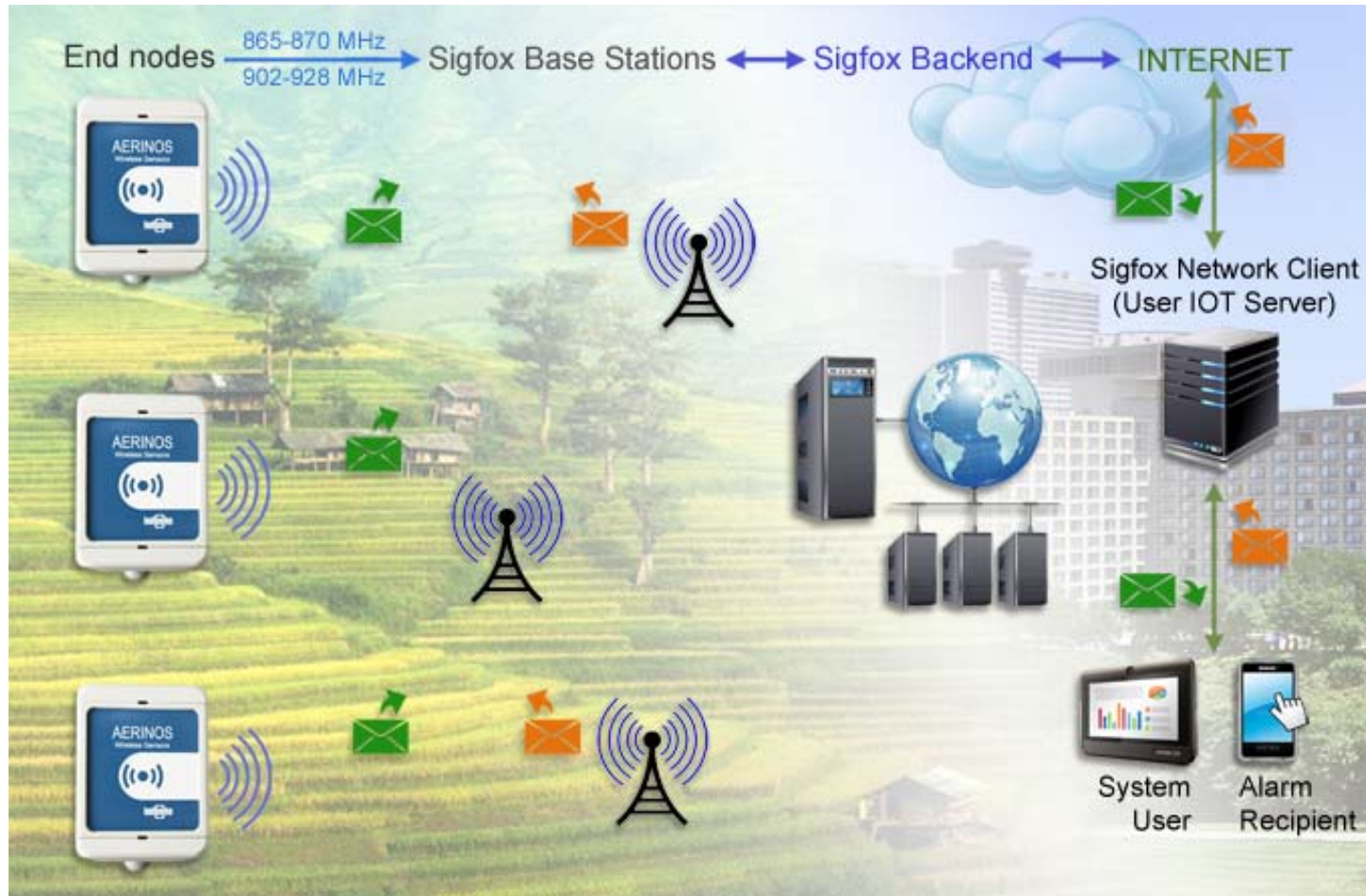
The battery powered RTU supports acquisition from multiple sensors and it incorporates one digital/analogue/pulse input, SDI-12 bus with up to 3 sensors supported, an RS485 Modbus bus with up to 3 sensors supported and multiple excitation options for powering measuring transducers.

A D-size Lithium Thionyl battery can provide autonomous operation for over 10 years.





# ADS-260 SIGFOX



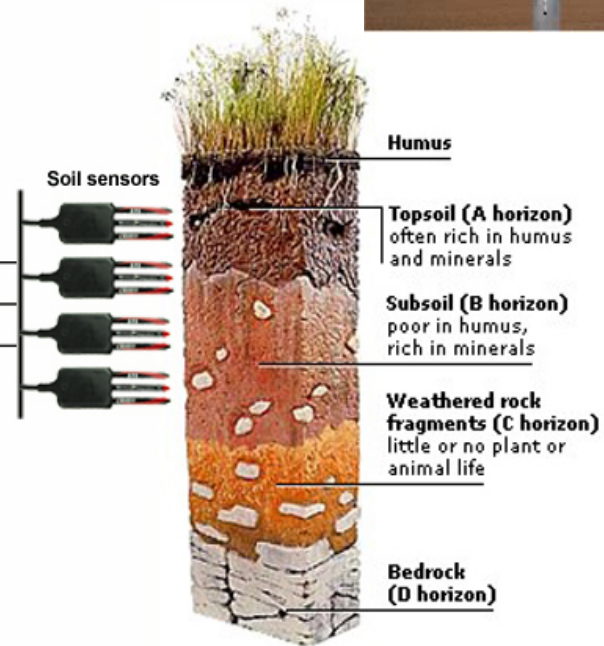
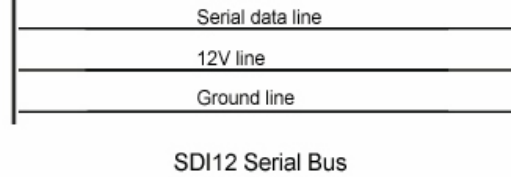
# IoT Autonomous devices



## ADS-26x, Sigfox IoT wireless end nodes

Power supply:	3.6V, 13-18 Ah Lithium Thionyl battery, D-size 5VDC mains or photovoltaic power
Consumption :	Continuous 18 $\mu$ A
Discrete inputs:	IN1, configurable as: Digital input, 0-30VDC Analog input, 0-1VDC, 12 bit resolution Digital counter, 1 KHz
SDI-12 Bus:	8 Channels, up to 3 sensor support.
RS-485, MODBUS:	8 Channels, up to 3 sensor support, ASCII/RTU.
Transducer excitation	12V/250mA, 5V/200mA
Wireless modem:	Radiocrafts Sigfox RC1,2,4
Antenna	internal or external
Messages:	Data, Alarm
Temperature:	-20°...+65°C, operating
Dimensions:	79.5 x 125 x 61 mm (with cable gland)
Housing:	IP66, IP68 Nema 4x

# ADS-260 SIGFOX







Weather

Silos & Level



Soil



Herds



sigfox

# Sensors

Soil Moisture, Conductivity, Temperature



All in one weather



Valve





# Sensors

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Leaf Wetnets



Soil Moisture



Ambient  
Humidity & Temperature



Soil Temperature



# Sensors

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Wind Speed



Sun Radiation



Wind Direction

# Sensors

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Water Level Ultrasonic

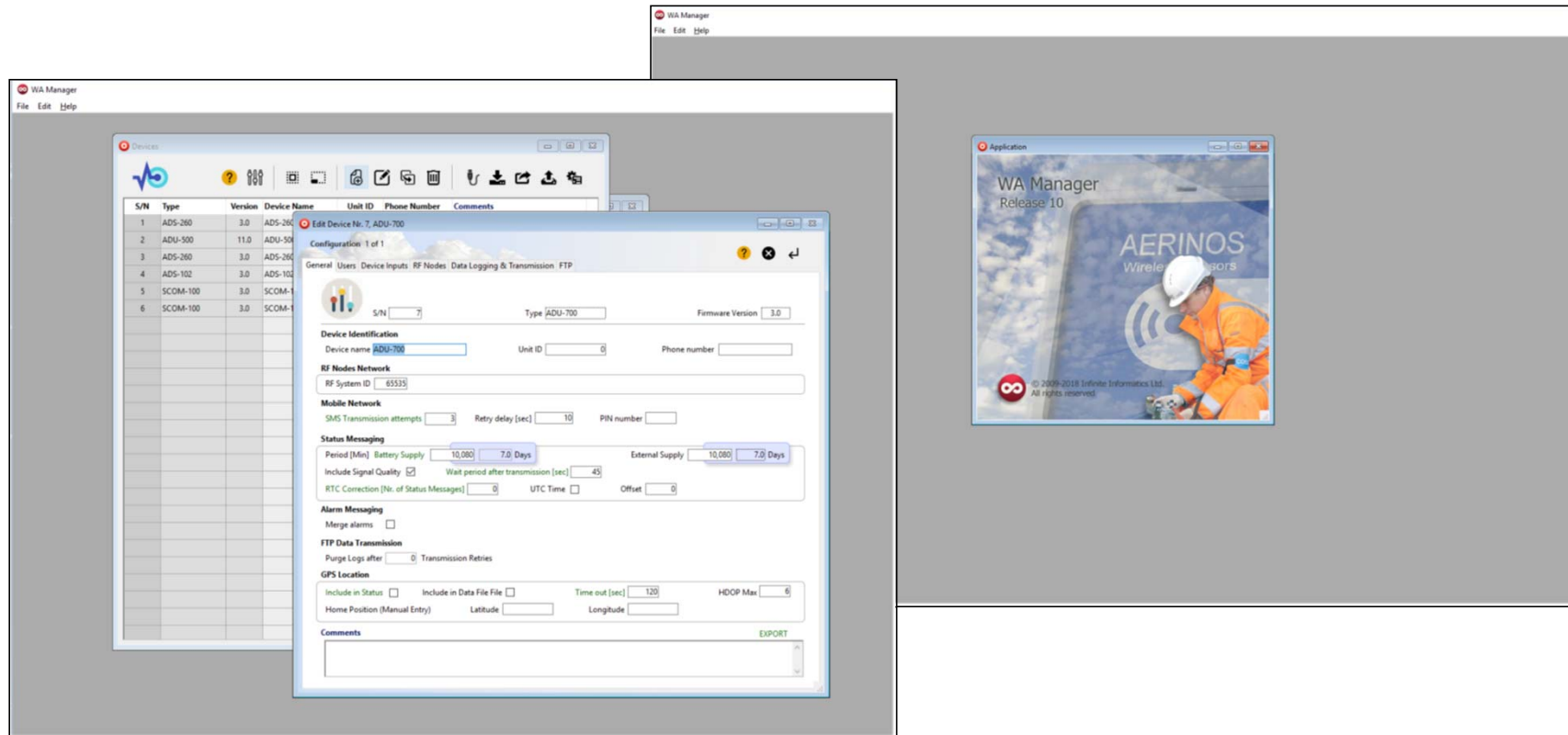


PH



Water Quality

# WA Manager configuration tool

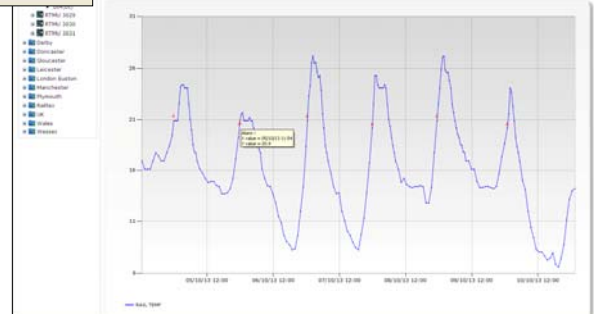


# WaT - Web aided Telemetry

## Cloud telemetry platform with GIS information

The screenshot displays the main dashboard of the WaT web interface. At the top, there is a navigation menu with options like 'Map', 'Chart', 'Measurements', 'Alarms', 'Status', 'SMS Archive', 'Error Log', and 'Log Out'. Below the navigation, there is a sidebar with a tree view of locations including ANGLIA, Derby, Doncaster, Gloucester, Leicester, London Euston, Manchester, Plymouth, Stoke, and Wakes. The main content area features a table with columns for 'Group', 'ID', 'Status', 'Last Status', 'Signal (%)', 'Status', 'Logging', 'A/I', 'Alarm', and 'IC'. Below this table is an 'Alarm' section with a table listing various alarms with columns for 'Ch. ID', 'Ch. ID', 'Ch. ID', 'Msg. Date', 'SMS Date', 'Contents', 'Value', 'Group', 'Device', and 'ID'.

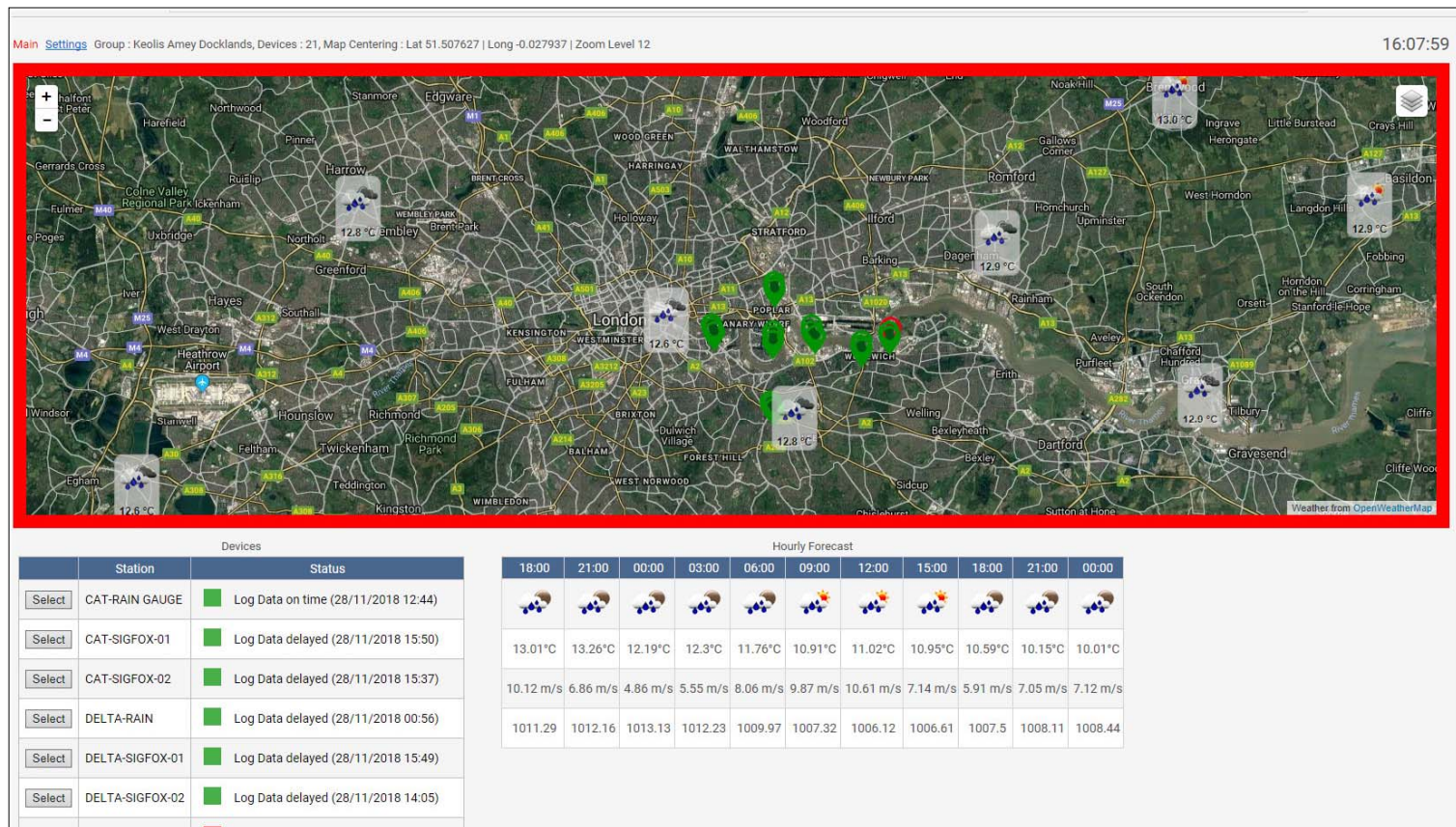
This screenshot shows the map view of the WaT web interface. It features a satellite map of a railway station area. A pop-up window for 'RTMU TAUNTON (59)' is visible, showing details such as 'Last Status: 13/10/2013 4:15:38 PM, 74.2%', 'Last Log: 17/10/2013 7:57:00 PM, 82.5-4-IC', and 'Last Alarm: 17/10/2013 8:45:05 PM, RAIL\_TOW\_L1\_LOW\_ALARM, 23.3'. The interface includes a navigation menu and a sidebar with a tree view of locations.





# WaTEye - Web aided Telemetry Eye dashboard

Online dashboard with live weather and telemetry data



# MSG – Multiprotocol Scada Gateway

The MSG is a modern SCADA communication gateway, supporting multiple protocols,

- DNP3 Secure Authentication v5 (SAv5)
- IEC 60870-5-101, 102, 103
- IEC 60870-5-104
- IEC 60870-5 Secure Authentication for -101 and -104
- OPC Data Access
- OPC XML Data Access
- OPC Alarms & Events
- IEC 61850
- IEC 60870-6
- Modbus

MS SQL server database backend for Historical data storage and management.

The screenshot displays the 'Tag Groups' configuration window. It includes a 'Record' section with 'Update Tag Values' set to 'ON'. Below this, fields for 'Tag ID', 'Device', 'Tag Name', 'Channel ID', and 'Status' are visible. A search bar is also present. The main part of the window is a table with the following data:

Tag ID	Tag Name	Device ID	Device	Channel ID	Channel	Tag Value	Status
1	TAG-1	1	BSC-500 PPC1	2	EARTH	OFF	Active
2	TAG-2	1	BSC-500 PPC1	1	FLOOD	OFF	Active
3	TAG-3	-1		-1		OFF	Active
4	TAG-4	-1		-1		OFF	Active
5	TAG-5	-1		-1		OFF	Active

Below the table, there is a 'Configuration' window showing a tree view of the gateway settings, including 'Modem Pools', 'OPC Server', and 'XANTH (Internal modem)'. A 'Slave/Master Data Object' window is also visible, showing a list of objects and their values.







# Case Study Olive Trees

## ADU-700

Gateway 3G with GPS



## Slave 1: ADS-200

3x SDI12 Soil Moisture,  
Conductivity

## Slave 2: ADS-210

Irrigation, 1 counter for flow

## Slave 3: ADS-102

1x analogue Air Temperature  
1x analogue Air Humidity



## Slave 4: ADS-200

3x SDI12 Soil Moisture,  
Conductivity

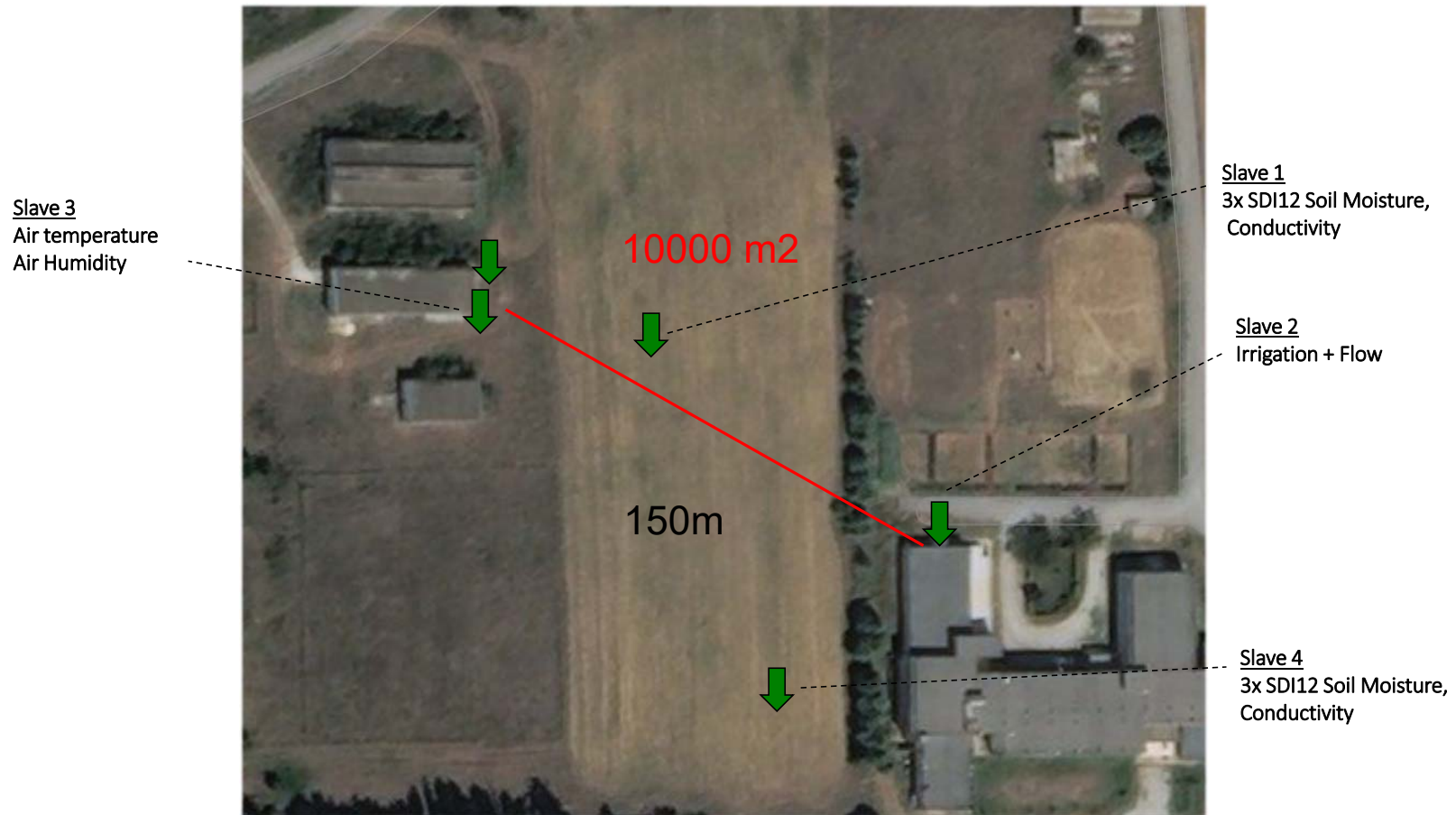


## Sensors





# Case Study Olive Trees





## RF Transceiver Radiocrafts RC1740HP\_RC232

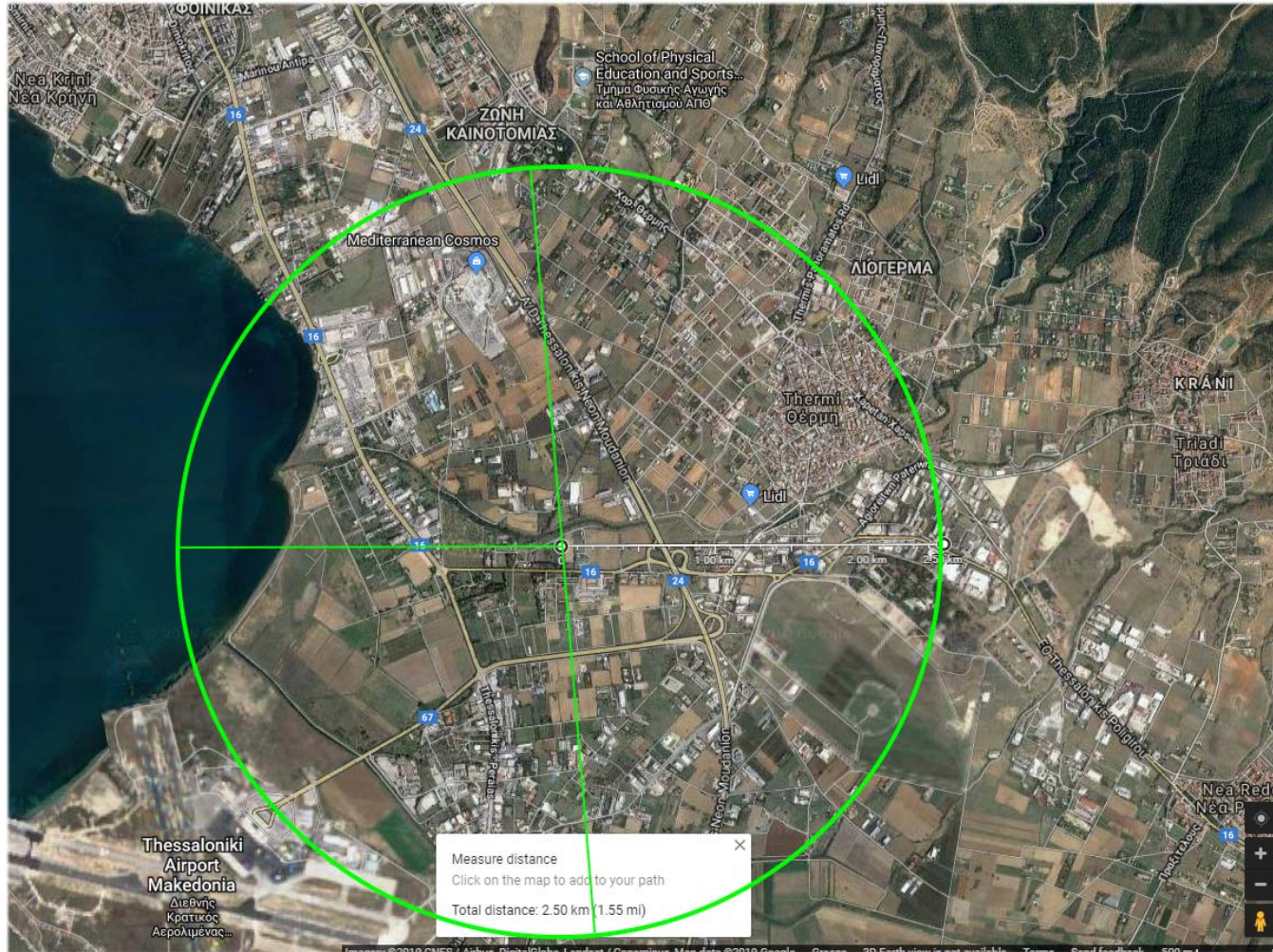
- Ultra narrowband, high-performance radio
- High sensitivity and high selectivity
- High blocking properties
- High RF Power, long range (up to 10 km Line-Of-Sight)
- Completely shielded module
- 12.7 x 25.4 x 3.3 mm compact module for SMD mounting
- 2.8 – 3.6 V supply voltage
- Ultra low power modes
- Conforms with EU R&TTE directive (EN 300 220, EN 301 489, EN 60950)

Parameter	RC1740HP-RC232	Unit
Frequency band	433/444	MHz
Data rate	1.2 -100	kbps
Max output power	+ 27	dBm
Sensitivity, (1.2 kbps)	-118	dBm
Supply voltage VCC	2.8 – 3.8	Volt
Current consumption, RX /IDLE	31,7	mA
Current consumption, TX (+24 dBm)	318	mA
Current consumption, SLEEP	Max 0.6	uA
Temperature range	-40 to +85	°C



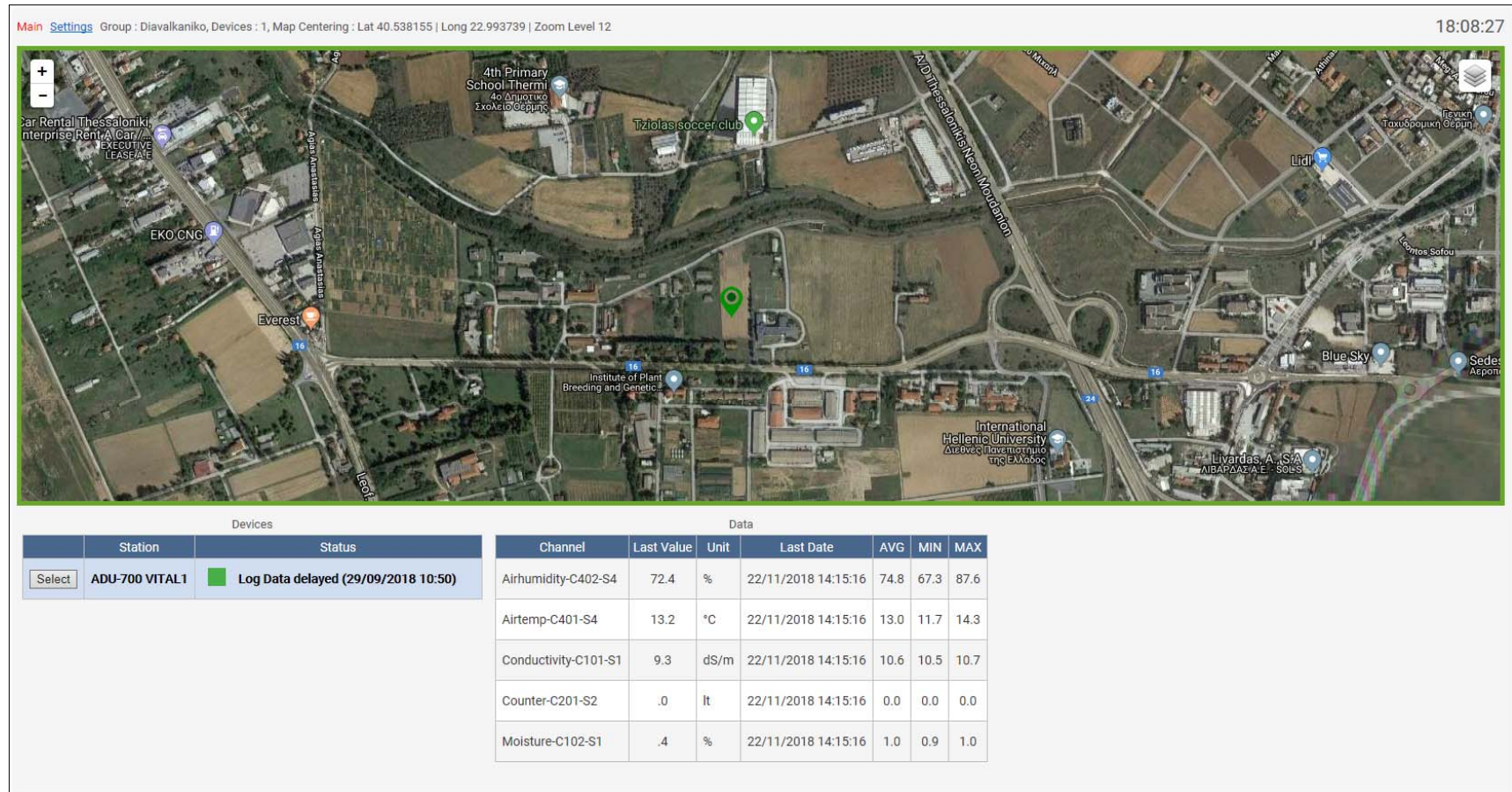
**Operational line of sight 10 Kms  
reduced power to 5+Kms**

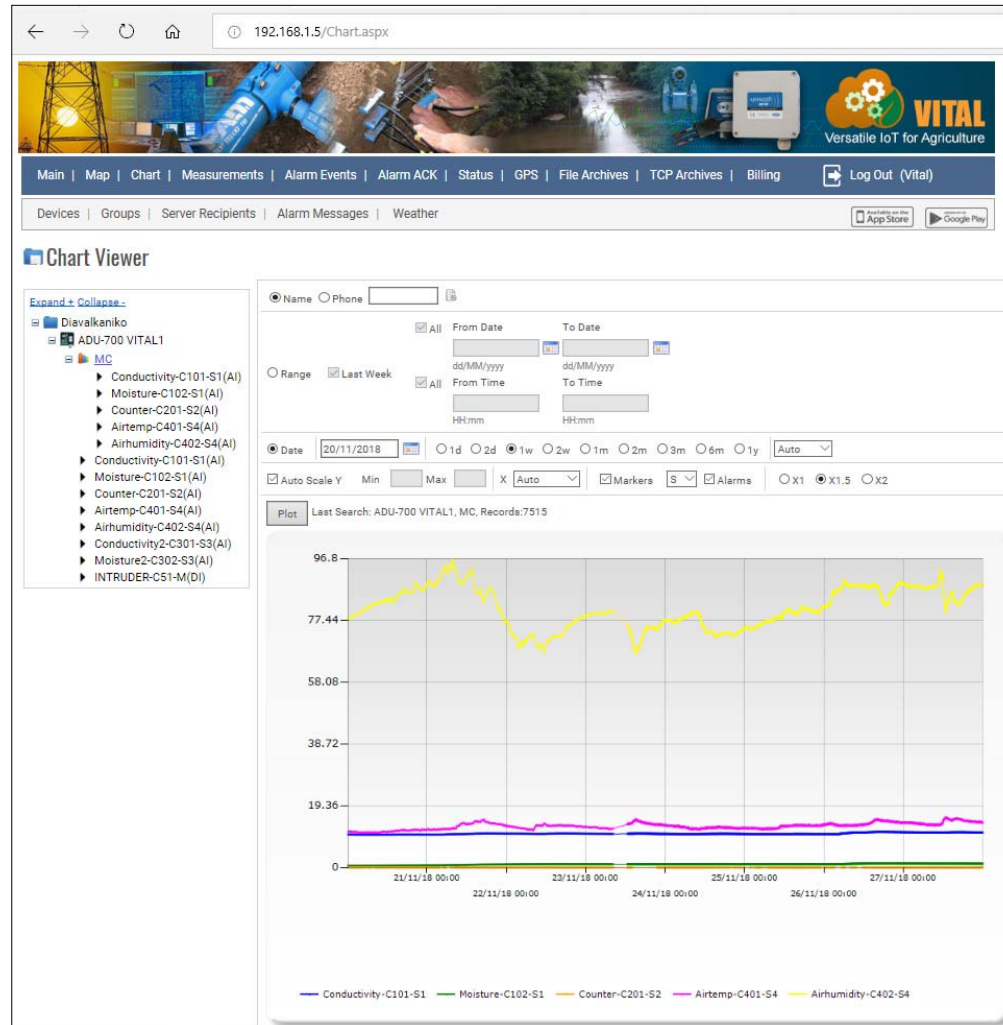
# Case Study Olive Trees





# Pilot Vital







## Case Study Olive Trees





# Partners



# Partners





# Partners

User: TerraPro Demo

TERRA PRO

Pesquisar...

ESTACÃO	SENSORES
Parcela 1	Teor de Humidade
Parcela 2	Contador de Rega
Parcela 3	Contador de água por...
Parcela 4	
Parcela 5	

Mapa

Gráficos

Alarme

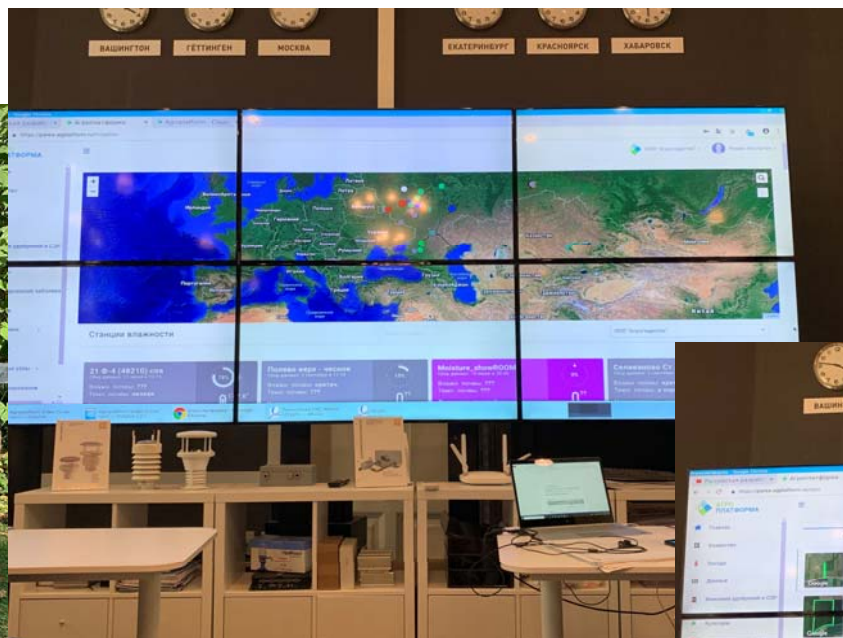
Relatórios de Rega

Definições

Monfemor-a-Novo, PT 14°C 14:11

5h	5h	5h	6h	6h
15:00	18:00	21:00	00:00	03:00
☀️	☁️	🌙	🌙	☁️
Máx. 17°C Min. 17°C	Máx. 14°C Min. 12°C	Máx. 13°C Min. 10°C	Máx. 12°C Min. 9°C	Máx. 10°C Min. 8°C
Humidade 7%	Humidade 11%	Humidade 13%	Humidade 17%	Humidade 20%
Chuva -	Chuva -	Chuva -	Chuva -	Chuva -

# Partners



**АГРОПЛАТФОРМА**





# Partners

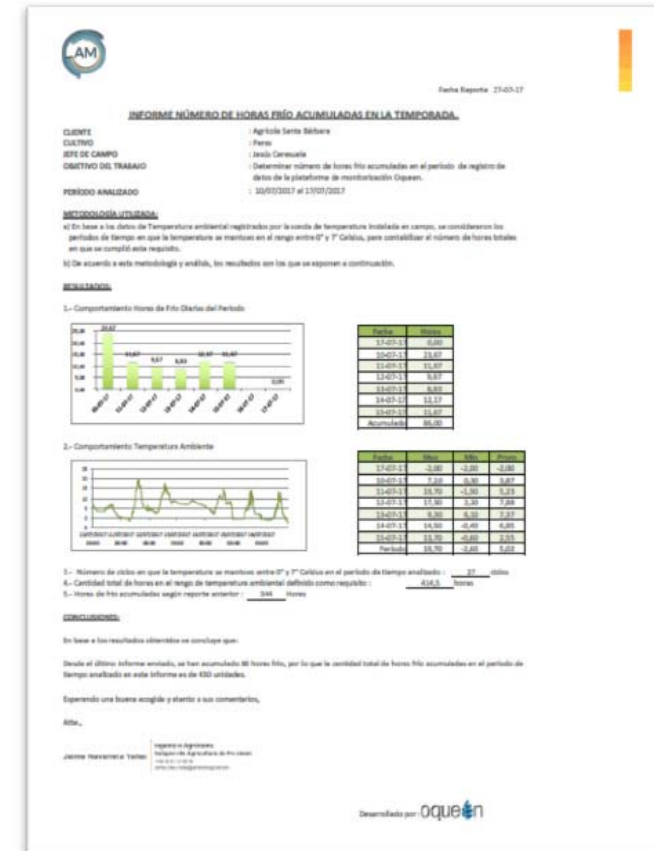




# Partners



# Partners



# IoT for Precision Agriculture